Shock Absorber/Soft type M6, M8, M10, M14, M20, M27





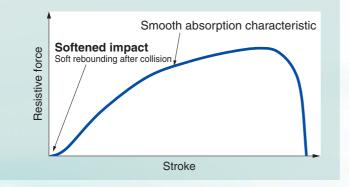
Long-term continuous operation has been realised by employing the pre-load mechanism, newly-developed oil seals.

Maximum operating cycles

10 million cycles

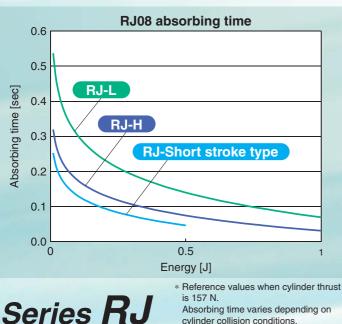
Stops transported objects softly

A smooth absorption characteristic is achieved by adopting the unique orifice mechanism to ease the impacts on conveyed objects.



Rich variation

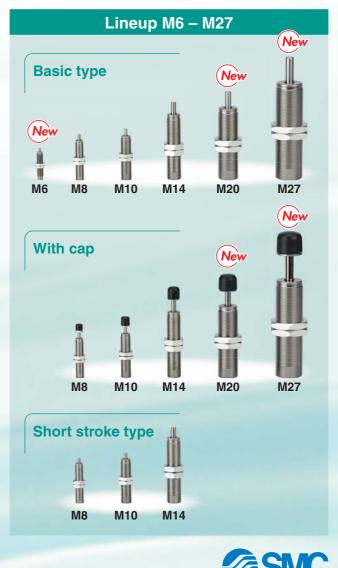
Short stroke type for improving takt time for short stroke actuators.



3 sizes M6, M20, M27 are added

A wider range of usage is possible by the addition of the three sizes. A type with cap is also available.

Mounting interchangeable with the RB series.



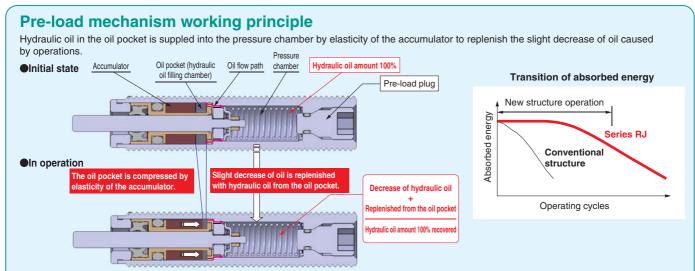
CAT.EUS20-200D-UK

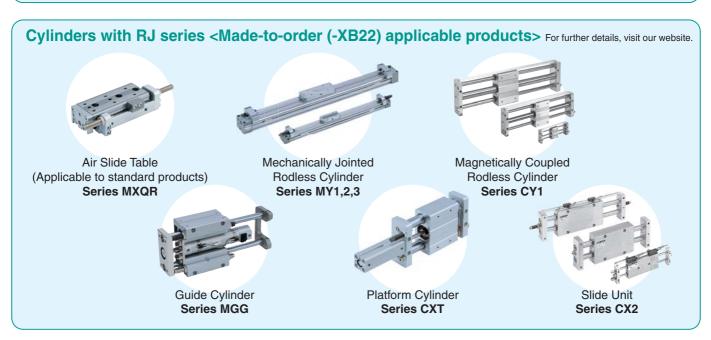
Two types of absorbed energy are available as standard. Selectable in accordance with impact mass and collision speed

Soft type and short stroke type are available as standard so as to be selectable according to usage conditions (impact mass, collision speed).

Max. Absorbed Energy

Max. Absorbed	Energy									,	: N	ewly a	adde	d mo	odel
Mode	al	Collision speed [m/s]				Ν	Max.	absor	rbed	l ene	ergy	[J]			
MOUR			1	2	2	3	4	5	1(0 20	30	40 5	0 60	70	80
Soft type	★ RJ0604	0.05 to 1	0.5	;											
	RJ0806H/L	H : 0.05 to 2/L : 0.05 to 1		1											
, 📍 🛍	RJ1007H/L	H : 0.05 to 2/L : 0.05 to 1				3									
:144	RJ1412H/L	H : 0.05 to 2/L : 0.05 to 1			1					10					
	★ RJ2015H/L	H : 0.05 to 2/L : 0.05 to 1			1						3	0			
	★ RJ2725H/L	H : 0.05 to 1.5/L : 0.05 to 1												7	'0
Short stroke type	RJ0805	0.05 to 1	0.	5											
, <u>,</u> <u>1</u>	RJ1006	0.05 to 1		1.	5			\rangle							
	RJ1410	0.05 to 1					3.7	$\left \right\rangle$							





Features 1

SMC

Shock Absorbers Series Variations

Shock Absorbers Series RJ/RB/RBL/RBQ

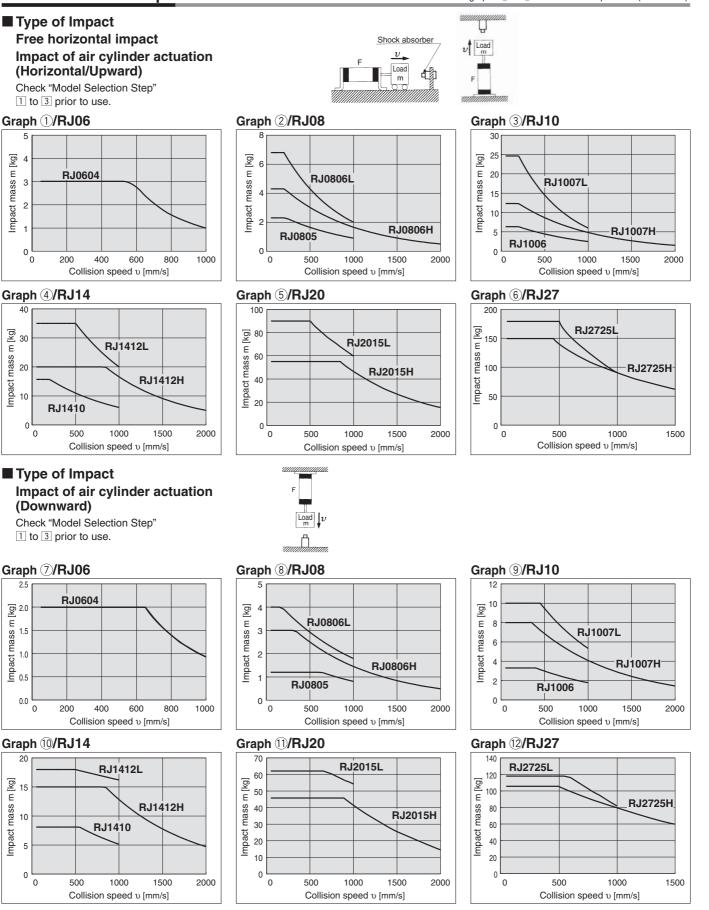
Ş	Series	Model (): With urethane cap * Series RQB (): With bumper	Max. absorbed energy [J]	Stroke absorption [mm]	Collision speed [m/s]	O.D. thread size	Option	
Series RJ		★ RJ0604	0.5	4	0.05 to 1	M6 x 0.75		
Soft type		RJ0806H(U)			0.05 to 2	M01.0		
		RJ0806L(U)	I	1	6	0.05 to 1	M8 x 1.0	
New 🔤 📗		RJ1007H(U)		_	0.05 to 2	M10 x 1.0		
		RJ1007L(U)	3	7	0.05 to 1	MIUX 1.0		
	Basic type	RJ1412H(U)	10	10	0.05 to 2	M14 x 1.5		
		RJ1412L(U)	10	12	0.05 to 1	W114 X 1.5		
		★ RJ2015H(U)	20	15	0.05 to 2	M20 x 1.5	Nut	
		★ RJ2015L(U)	30	15	0.05 to 1	IVI2U X 1.5	, indi	
1		★ RJ2725H(U)	70	25	0.05 to 1.5	M27 x 1.5		
<u>n</u>		★ RJ2725L(U)	70	25	0.05 to 1	10127 X 1.5		
а ф Щ		RJ0805(U)	0.5	5		M8 x 1.0		
4 # M	Short stroke type	RJ1006(U)	1.5	6	0.05 to 1	M10 x 1.0		
		RJ1410(U)	3.7	10		M14 x 1.5		
Series RB		RB0604	0.5	4	0.3 to 1	M6 x 0.75		
		RB0805(C)	0.98	5		M8 x 1.0		
1		RB0806(C)	2.94	6		10 X 1.0	(mining)	
-		RB1006(C)	3.92	6		M10 x 1.0		
	Basic type	RB1007(C)	5.88	7	0.05 to 5		Stopper nut	
- <u>1</u>		RB1411(C)	14.7	11	0.00 10 0	M14 x 1.5	otoppor nut	
- + T. III		RB1412(C)	19.6	12			-	
		RB2015(C)	58.8	15		M20 x 1.5	4	
		RB2725(C)	147	25		M27 x 1.5	4	
Series RBL	Basic type	RBL1006(C)	3.92	6		M10 x 1.0		
Coolant resistant type		RBL1007(C)	5.88	7				
4 I.		RBL1411(C)	14.7	11	0.05 to 5	M14 x 1.5		
L Li	i hunder	RBL1412(C)	19.6	12				
T† T†		RBL2015(C)	58.8	15		M20 x 1.5		
		RBL2725(C)	147	25		M27 x 1.5	Fact by clust	
Series RBQ	Basic type	RBQ1604(C)*	1.96	4		M16 x 1.5	Foot bracket (Except RBQ)	
Short type	Load	RBQ2007(C)*	11.8	7	0.051.0	M20 x 1.5		
. A 🛱		RBQ2508(C)*	19.6	8	0.05 to 3	M25 x 1.5	-	
0 7 7	Allowable $\theta_1 \leq 5$	RBQ3009(C)*	33.3	8.5		M30 x 1.5	4	
	angle	RBQ3213(C)*	49	13		M32 x 1.5	1	

Shock Absorber Series **RJ Model Selection 1**

Model Selection Graph

Impact mass m

* The model selection graphs ① to ① are at room temperature (20 to 25°C).

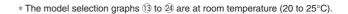


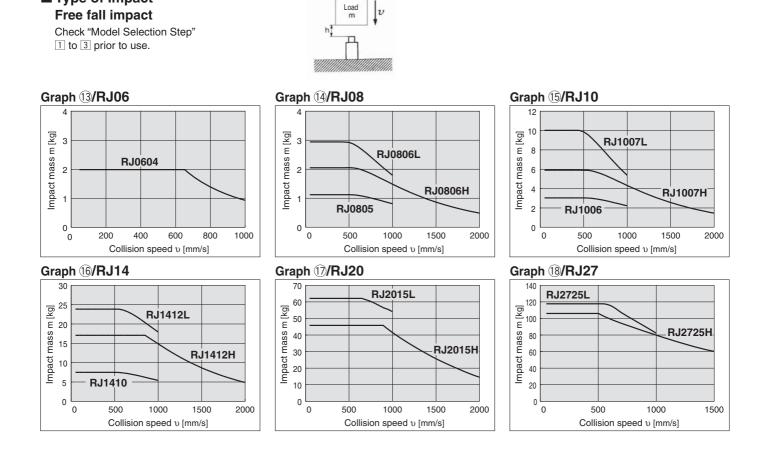
SMC

mpact mass m

Model Selection Graph

Type of Impact



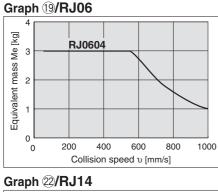


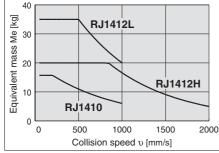
v

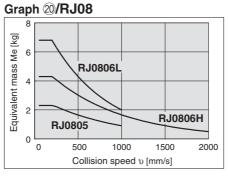
Type of Impact

Others (such as thrust impact or swing impact other than air cylinder actuation)

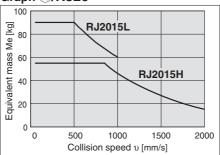
Calculate equivalent mass Me from "Model Selection Step" 1 to 7 prior to use.



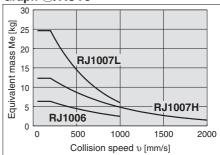




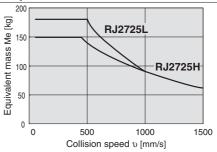
Graph 23/RJ20



Graph 21/RJ10



Graph 24/RJ27



Shock Absorber Series RJ Model Selection 2

Model Selection

Model Selection Step Example of Selection 1 Type of impact Impact of thrust of load (Horizontal) (Impact of thrust from sources Impact of thrust of load (Horizontal) other than air cylinder actuation) Impact of thrust of load (Downward) Shock absorber 1 Impact of thrust of load (Upward) v Free horizontal impact (Impact of inertial force) Type of impact Free fall impact Load m Swing impact (With torque) Note 1) 2 Operating conditions **Collision speed** υ 1) Symbol Operating conditions Unit Impact mass m kg **Kinetic energy** E₁ $\cdot \mathbf{m} \cdot \upsilon^2$ 2 Collision speed 1) m/s F · S h Dropping height m Thrust energy E₂ rad/s ω Angular speed Distance between rotational center and impact point r m Absorbed energy Ε E1 + E2 F Ν Thrust Note 2) $\frac{2}{\upsilon^2} \cdot \mathbf{E}$ Т Torque N⋅m Equivalent mass Me n Operating frequency cvcle/min m = 5 kat Ambient temperature °C 2 $\upsilon = 0.5 \text{ m/s}$ μ Friction coefficient Operating F = 150 N n = 30 cycle/min conditions t = 25°C **3** Confirmation of specifications and precautions Confirmation of specifications 3 Ensure the collision speed, thrust, operating frequency, ambient $\upsilon \cdots 0.5 < 1.0 \text{ (max.)}, 2.0 \text{ (max.)}$ **Confirmation of** temperature and atmosphere fall within the specifications. $t \dots -10 (min.) < 25 < 60 (max.)$ * Be aware of the minimum installation radius in the case of specifications F ... 150 < 422 (max.) swing impacts. and precautions YES 4 Calculation of kinetic energy E1 Kinetic energy E1 4 Calculate kinetic energy E1 by using the formula according to Use Formula to calculate E1 by using 5.0 for the impact type. Calculation of m and 0.5 for υ kinetic energy E1 $E_1\approx 0.63~J$ 5 Calculation of thrust energy E2 Thrust energy E2 5 Calculate thrust energy E2 by selecting a model temporarily. Select the RJ1007L temporarily and obtain **Calculation of** E2 by using the formula. thrust energy E2 E₂ ≈ 1.05 J 6 Calculation of equivalent mass Me Equivalent mass Me 6 Calculate absorbed energy E to confirm it is not more than the Use **Formula** "Absorbed energy $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{E}_1 + \mathbf{E}_2 = 0.63 + 1.05 = 1.68 J$ " to calculate **Me** by using **Calculation of** maximum absorbed energy of the temporarily selected shock absorber. E and 0.5 for υ. Equivalent mass Me = $\frac{2}{12^2} \cdot \mathbf{E}$ equivalent mass Me $Me\approx 13.4\ kg$ 7 Selection of applicable model Selection of applicable model Substitute the obtained equivalent mass Me, and the collision According to Graph 21, the temporarily selec-7 ted RJ1007L satisfies Me = 13.4 kg < 14.5 kg, resulting in an operating frequency of n = 30 < 70, without causing a problem. speed υ by using "Model Selection Graph" (19 to 24 to check if the temporarily selected model is compatible with the Check adequacy condi-tion of application. If satisfactory, then the temporarily of the selected select-ed model will be the applicable one. model RJ1007. YES Select the RJ1007L.

Note 1) This is the momentary speed at which an object is impacting against a shock absorber. The collision speed is $\upsilon = 2\upsilon$ when the speed (average speed υ) is calculated from the air cylinder's stroke time.

Note 2) This is the theoretical mass, which is converted into the mass of the impacting material under no thrust collision conditions. Hence, E = ---- Me·U²



1 Type of Impa	act			
Type of	Impact of thrust of load (Downward) (Impact of thrust from sources other than air cylinder actuation)	Impact of thrust of load (Upward) (Impact of thrust from sources other than air cylinder actuation)	Load on conveyor (Horizontal)	Swing impact (With torque)
impact				Note 3)
Note 1) Collision speed	υ	υ	υ	ω・Β
Kinetic energy E1	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{m} \cdot \upsilon^2$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{m} \cdot v^2$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{m} \cdot v^2$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot [\cdot \omega^2]$
Thrust energy E2	$F \cdot S + m \cdot g \cdot S$	F · S – m · g · S	m ⋅ g ⋅ μ ⋅ S	T· <u>S</u>
Absorbed energy E	E 1 + E 2	E 1 + E 2	E 1 + E 2	E ₁ + E ₂
Note 2) Equivalent mass Me	$\frac{2}{\upsilon^2} \cdot E$	$\frac{2}{\upsilon^2} \cdot E$	$\frac{2}{\upsilon^2} \cdot E$	$\frac{2}{\upsilon^2} \cdot E$

Note 1) This is the momentary speed at which an object is impacting against a shock absorber. The collision speed is $v = 2\overline{v}$ when the speed (average speed \overline{v}) is calculated from the air cylinder's stroke time.

Note 2) This is the theoretical mass, which is converted into the mass of the impacting material under no thrust collision conditions. Hence, $E = \frac{1}{2} \cdot Me \cdot U^2$ Note 3) R: The distance between rotational center and impact point. Set R at the minimum installation radius (Caution 3. Rotating angle on page 11) or higher.

<Symbol>

·• j ····· •		
Symbol	Specifications	Unit
Е	Absorbed energy	J
E1	Kinetic energy	J
E2	Thrust energy	J
F	Thrust	N
g	Gravitational acceleration (9.8)	m/s²
h	Dropping height	m
I Note 4)	Moment of inertia around the center of gravity	kg∙m²
n	Operating frequency	cycle/min
R	Distance between rotational center and impact point	m
S	Shock absorber's stroke	m
Т	Torque	N∙m
t	Ambient temperature	°C
υ	Collision speed	m/s
m	Impact mass	kg
Me	Equivalent mass	kg
ω	Angular speed	rad/s
μ	Friction coefficient	_

Note 4) For the formula for moment of inertia I (kg·m²), refer to the rotary actuator's catalog.

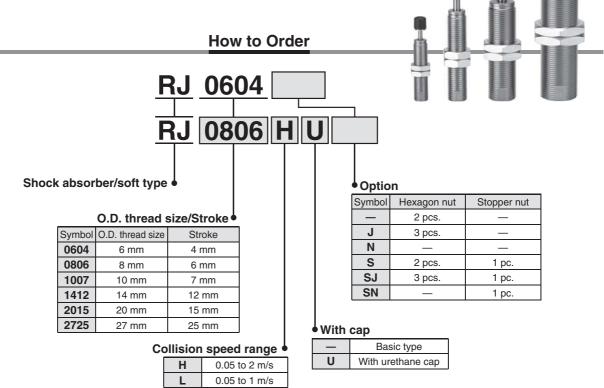
Caution on Selection

In order for the shock absorbers to operate accurately for long hours, it is necessary to select a model that is well-suited to your operating conditions. If the impact energy is smaller than 5% of the maximum absorbed energy, select a model that is one class smaller. Use the RJ20 and 27 under the conditions mentioned below.

RJ20: Cylinder bore size ø32 or higher or thrust 240 N or higher RJ27: Cylinder bore size ø40 or higher or thrust 380 N or higher

Shock Absorber Series RJ





Specifications

	Basic type	RJ0604	RJO	806	RJ1	007	RJ1	412	RJ2	015	RJ2	725
Model	With cap		RJ08	06□U	RJ10	07□U	RJ14	12□U	RJ20	15⊡U	RJ272	25□U
	Collision speed range	_	н	L	н	L	н	L	н	L	н	L
Max. absorbed e	nergy [J] Note)	0.5	-		:	3	1	0	3	0	70	C
O.D. thread size	[mm]	6 x 0.75	8 >	(1	10	x 1	14 >	1.5	20 x 1.5		27 x 1.5	
Stroke [mm]		4	e	6	-	7	12		1	5	2	5
Collision speed [m/s]		0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 2	0.05 to 1	0.05 to 1.5	0.05 to 1
Max. operating frequen	cy [cycle/min] Note)	80	80		7	70		5	2	5	10	
Continue former [NI)	Extended	1.3	2	.8	5	.4	6	.4	14	.1	14	.7
Spring force [N)	Compressed	3.9	5	.4	8	.4	17	' .4	29).1	34	.4
Max. allowable the	nrust [N]	150	24	15	42	22	814		1961		2942	
Ambient tempera	ature [°C]					-10 to 6	60 (No freez	ing)				
Weight [g]	Basic type	5.5	1	5	2	3	6	5	12	20	30	0
Weight [g]	With cap		1	6	2	5	7	0	13	35	35	0

Note) Max. absorbed energy and max. operating frequency values are at room temperature (20 to 25°C).

Shock Absorber Series RJ



How to Order RJ 0805 U Short stroke type Shock absorber/soft type Option Symbol Hexagon nut Stopper nut O.D. thread size/Stroke 2 pcs. J Symbol O.D. thread size Stroke 3 pcs. Ν 0805 8 mm 5 mm S 1006 10 mm 6 mm 2 pcs. 1 pc. SJ 3 pcs. 1410 14 mm 10 mm 1 pc. SN 1 pc. With cap

Basic type

With urethane cap

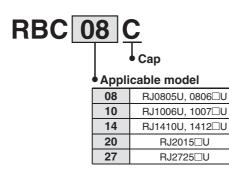
— U

Specifications

	Basic type	RJ0805	RJ1006	RJ1410
Model	With cap	RJ0805U	RJ1006U	RJ1410U
Max. absorbed energy [J] Note)	0.5	1.5	3.7
O.D. thread size [mm]		8 x 1	10 x 1	14 x 1.5
Stroke [mm]		5	6	10
Collision speed [m/s]			0.05 to 1	
Max. operating frequency [cycle/min] Note)	80	70	45
Carring force [N]	Extended	2.8	5.4	6.4
Spring force [N]	Compressed	4.9	8.0	14.6
Max. allowable thrust [N]]	245	422	814
Ambient temperature [°C	2		-10 to 60 (No freezing)	
Woight [g]	Basic type	15	23	65
Weight [g]	With cap	16	25	70

Note) Max. absorbed energy and max. operating frequency values are at room temperature (20 to 25°C).

Replacement Parts No./Cap (Resin part only)

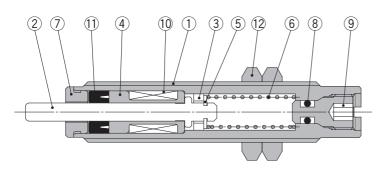


Caps cannot be mounted on basic type. Please specify a type with cap when ordering.

Series **RJ**

Construction

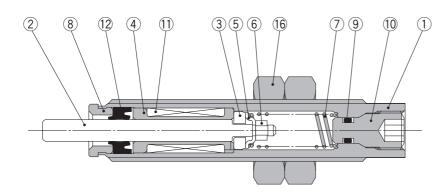
RJ0604

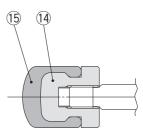


Component Parts

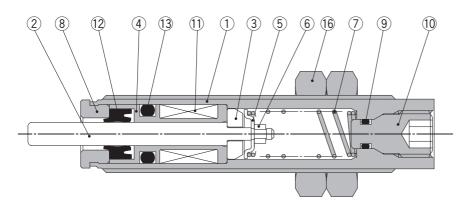
	3	
Description	Material	Treatment
Tube	Special steel	Electroless nickel plating
Piston rod	Special steel	Electroless nickel plating
Piston	Stainless steel	
Bearing	Aluminium bearing alloy	
Spring guide	Tool steel	Phosphate film
Return spring	Steel wire	Zinc trivalent chromating
Stopper	Stainless steel	
O-ring	Synthetic rubber	
Plug	Special steel	Electroless nickel plating
Accumulator	Synthetic rubber	
Rod seal	Synthetic rubber	
Hexagon nut	Carbon steel	Zinc trivalent chromating
	Description Tube Piston rod Piston Bearing Spring guide Return spring Stopper O-ring Plug Accumulator Rod seal	TubeSpecial steelPiston rodSpecial steelPistonStainless steelBearingAluminium bearing alloySpring guideTool steelReturn springSteel wireStopperStainless steelO-ringSynthetic rubberPlugSpecial steelAccumulatorSynthetic rubberRod sealSynthetic rubber

RJ08□□





RJ10 . , 14 . , 2015, 2725



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Treatment
1	Tube	Special steel	Electroless nickel plating
2	Piston rod	Special steel	Electroless nickel plating
3	Piston	Stainless steel	
4	Bearing	Special bearing material	
5	Spring guide	Tool steel	Zinc trivalent chromating
6	Lock ring	Copper	
7	Return spring	Steel wire	Zinc trivalent chromating
8	Stopper	Structural steel	Electroless nickel plating
9	O-ring	Synthetic rubber	

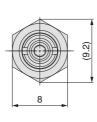
No.	Description	Material	Treatment
10	Plua	Special steel	H: Electroless nickel plating
10	Flug	Special Steel	L: Black electroless nickel plating
11	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber	
12	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber	
13	O-ring	Synthetic rubber	
14	Cap bracket	Structural steel	Zinc trivalent chromating
15	Сар	Urethane	
16	Hexagon nut	Carbon steel	Zinc trivalent chromating

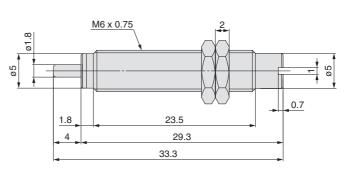


Dimensions

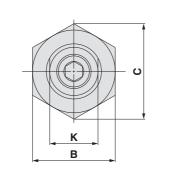
Basic type

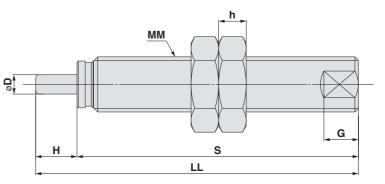




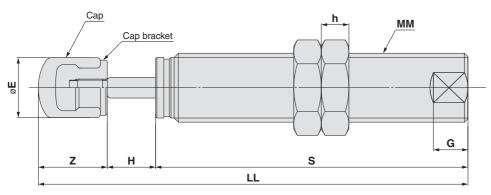


RJ08 . , 10 . , 14 . , 2015, 2725





With cap



Basic type

Ma	dol	Dimensions						H	exagon r	nut	With cap			
Model			Н	LL	MM	S	G	K	В	С	h	E	LL	Z
RJ0806□	RJ0806⊡U	2.8	6	46.8	M8 x 1.0	40.8	5	7	12	13.9	4	6.8	55.3	8.5
RJ1007□	RJ1007⊡U	3	7	52.3	M10 x 1.0	45.3	7	9	14	16.2	4	8.7	62.3	10
RJ1412□	RJ1412⊡U	5	12	79.1	M14 x 1.5	67.1	8	12	19	21.9	6	12	92.6	13.5
RJ2015□	RJ2015⊟U	6	15	88.2	M20 x 1.5	73.2	10	17	27	31.2	6	18	105.2	17
RJ2725 □	RJ2725⊟U	8	25	124	M27 x 1.5	99	12	24	36	41.6	6	25	147	23

 \ast The dimensions of H/L type are the same.

Short stroke type

Ma	odel	Dimensions							H	exagon r	nut	With cap		
IVIC	Juei	D	Н	LL	MM	S	G	К	В	С	h	E	LL	Z
RJ0805	RJ0805U	2.8	5	45.8	M8 x 1.0	40.8	5	7	12	13.9	4	6.8	54.3	8.5
RJ1006	RJ1006U	3	6	51.3	M10 x 1.0	45.3	7	9	14	16.2	4	8.7	61.3	10
RJ1410	RJ1410U	5	10	77.1	M14 x 1.5	67.1	8	12	19	21.9	6	12	90.6	13.5



Series **RJ**

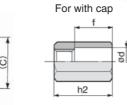
Option

Stopper nut

For basic type





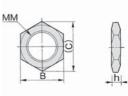


Material: Carbon steel Treatment: Zinc trivalent chromating

Part	t no.	Applicable	Dimensions									
For basic type	For with cap	absorber	В	С	h1	h2	MM	d	f			
RB08S	RBC08S	RJ08□□	12	13.9	6.5	23	M8 x 1.0	9	15			
RB10S	RBC10S	RJ10□□	14	16.2	8	23	M10 x 1.0	11	15			
RB14S	RBC14S	RJ14□□	19	21.9	11	31	M14 x 1.5	15	20			
RB20S	RBC20S	RJ2015	27	31.2	16	40	M20 x 1.5	23	25			
RB27S	RBC27S	RJ2725	36	41.6	22	51	M27 x 1.5	32	33			

MM

Hexagon Nut (2 pcs.are equipped as standard)



Material: Special steel Treatment: Zinc trivalent chromating

	Dimensions				
Part no.	ММ	h	В	С	
RJ06J	M6 x 0.75	2	8	9.2	
RB08J	M8 x 1.0	4	12	13.9	
RB10J	M10 x 1.0	4	14	16.2	
RB14J	M14 x 1.5	6	19	21.9	
RB20J	M20 x 1.5	6	27	31.2	
RB27J	M27 x 1.5	6	36	41.6	

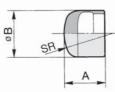
Foot Bracket for Shock Absorber



	Material: Aluminum alloy Treatment: Black hard anodized					
Part no.	Applicable absorber					
RB08-X331	RJ08□□					
RB10-X331	RJ10□□					
RB14-X331	RJ14□□					
RB20-X331	RJ2015					
RB27-X331 RJ2725						

Replacement Parts

Cap

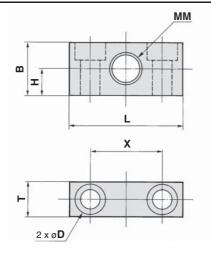


Replacement parts for a type with cap. Cannot be mounted on basic type.

Material: Polyurethane

	atenai.	i oiyui	emane		
Part no.	Applicable	Dimensions			
Fait no.	absorber	Α	В	SR	
RBC08C	RJ08□□U	6.5	6.8	6	
RBC10C	RJ10□□U	9	8.7	7.5	
RBC14C	RJ14⊡⊡U	12.5	12	10	
RBC20C	RJ2015U	16	18	20	
RBC27C	RJ2725U	21	25	25	

Dimensions



Part no.	В	D	Н	L	MM	Т	Χ	Mounting bolt
RB08-X331	15	4.5 drill, 8 counterbore depth 4.4	7.5	32	M8 x 1.0	10	20	M4
RB10-X331	19	5.5 drill, 9.5 counterbore depth 5.4	9.5	40	M10 x 1.0	12	25	M5
RB14-X331	25	9 drill, 14 counterbore depth 8.6	12.5	54	M14 x 1.5	16	34	M8
RB20-X331	38	11 drill, 17.5 counterbore depth 10.8	19	70	M20 x 1.5	22	44	M10
RB27-X331	50	50 13.5 drill, 20 counterbore depth 13		80	M27 x 1.5	34	52	M12



Series RJ Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions, "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Selection

ADanger

1. Absorbed energy

Select a model so that the aggregated energy of an impacting material should not exceed the maximum absorbed energy. Otherwise, it could cause changes in properties or result in damaging the shock absorber.

2. Equivalent mass

Select a model so that the equivalent mass should not exceed the allowable range. Otherwise, pulsation could occur in buffer capacity and deceleration force, thus making it difficult to absorb shock smoothly.

3. Collision speed

Use the product within the specified collision speed range. Otherwise, it could cause the changes in buffer characteristics or result in damaging the shock absorber.

Marning

1. Static load

Design the system so that any other forces than the buffer capacity or impacts should not be applied to the piston rod which is stopped at the retracted state.

A Caution

1. Maximum operating frequency

Design the system in the conditions under which it is not used at the frequency exceeding the specified maximum operating frequency.

2. Stroke

The specified maximum absorbed energy cannot be exerted unless the full stroke is used.

3. Work surface of an impacting material

The contact surface of an impacting material with which the piston rod comes into contact must be highly rigid (hardness of HRC35 or more). A high surface compression load is applied to the contact surface of the impacting material with which the piston rod comes into contact.

4. Be aware of the backlash of the impacting material.

When used in a conveyor line, the object may be pushed back by the built-in spring force after energy is absorbed. For backlash, refer to the spring force in the specifications. (Pages 5 and 6)

5. Selection of size

As the number of operation proceeds, the maximum absorbed energy of shock absorbers will be decreased by the reasons such as deterioration, etc. of the internal working fluid. Taking this into consideration, selecting a size which is 20 to 40% affordable against the amount of absorbed energy is recommended.

6. Resisitive force characteristics

In general, the values of resisitive force (resisitive force generated during the operation) generated by the operating speed will vary in oil hydraulic shock absorber. The RJ series can adapt to such this fast/slow speed and can absorb shock smoothly in a wide range of speed.

But, take note the stroke time could be long, and the motion would not be smooth, etc., depending on the operating conditions. If this would be a problem, we recommend the stroke amount should be restricted by using our optional component "stopper nut", etc.

▲ Caution

7. Parallel usage

When using multiple shock absorbers in parallel, energy will not be divided evenly because of differences in product dimensions and devices. For this reason, select the following options.

- E= Ea/N/0.6
- E: Energy used per shock absorber

Ea: All energies

N: The number of shock absorbers used in parallel

Operating Environment

ADanger

- 1. Operation in an environment which requires explosionproof
 - When mounting in places where static electricity is accumulated, implement a distribution of electrical energy by grounding.
 - Do not use materials for the buffer surface which might cause to spark by collision.

Warning

1. Pressure

Do not use the product in the vacuum state which is substantially different from the atmospheric pressure (above sea level) and in the atmosphere under being pressurised.

2. Using inside a clean room

Do not use the product in a clean room, as it could contaminate the clean room.

A Caution

1. Temperature range

Do not use the product, exceeding the specified allowable temperature range. Seal could be softened or hardened or worn out, or leading to working fluid leak, deterioration, or buffer characteristic changes.

2. Deterioration by atmosphere

Do not use the product in the presence of salt damage, sulfurous acid gas which makes the metal corroded, or solvent which makes the seal deteriorated.

3. Deterioration by ozone

Do not use the product under the direct sunlight on the beach, or by the mercury lamp, or the ozone generator, because the rubber material will be deteriorated by ozone.

4. Cutting oil, water, blown dust

Do not use the product under the condition where the liquid such as cutting oil, water, solvent, etc. is exposed either directly or in atomised form to the piston rod, or where blown dust could be adhered around the piston rod. This could cause a malfunction.

5. Vibration

When vibrations are applied on an impacting material, implement a secure guide on the impacting material.





Series RJ Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions, "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

Mounting

A Warning

1. Before performing installation, removal, or stroke adjustment, make sure to cut the power supply to the equipment and verify that the equipment has stopped.

2. Installation of protective cover

We recommend the protective cover should be installed for fear that workers might be getting close during the operation.

3. Strength of mounting frame

The mounting frame needs to have sufficient strength. When deciding the strength of the mounting frame, consider the load applied to the mounting frame at the upper limit of operating conditions shown in the table below, and allow a sufficient safety factor.

Model	Load on mounting frame				
RJ0604	450 N				
RJ0805	380 N				
RJ0806	630 N				
RJ1006	900 N 1600 N				
RJ1007					
RJ1410	1700 N 2000 N				
RJ1412					
RJ2015	6000 N				
RJ2725	8500 N				

Note) Load on mounting frame is at room temperature (20 to 25°C).

ACaution

1. Tightening torque and mounting thread

When threading on the mounting frame in order to mount a shock absorber directly, refer to the prepared hole dimensions below. Observe the below tightening torque of a nut for shock absorber.

If the tightening torque exceeds the value below, the shock absorber could be damaged.

When a shock absorber is mounted on a cylinder, follow the torque values listed on each cylinder.

Model	RJ0604	RJ08	RJ10 □□	RJ14□□	RJ2015	RJ2725
Thread dimensions [mm]	M6 x 0.75	M8 x 1.0	M10 x 1.0	M14 x 1.5	M20 x 1.5	M27 x 1.5
Thread prepared hole dia. [mm]	ø5.3 ^{+0.1}	ø7.1 ^{+0.1}	ø9.1 ^{+0.1}	ø12.7 ^{+0.1}	ø18.7 ^{+0.1}	ø25.7 ^{+0.1}
Nut tightening torque [N·m]	0.85	1.67	3.14	10.8	23.5	62.8

2. Deviation of impact

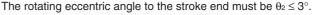
Mount the shock absorber so that the point of contact of an impacting material must be within the allowable eccentric angle range. If the eccentric angle is exceed 3°, an excessive load could be placed on the bearings, resulting in oil leak in a short time.

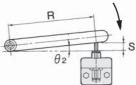
Allowable eccentric angle $\theta_1 \leq 3^\circ$

For with cap $\theta_1 \leq 1^\circ$

3. Rotating angle

If swing impacts are involved, the installation must be designed so that the direction in which a load is applied should be perpendicular to the shock absorber's axial center. The rotating accentric angle to the stroke and must be $P_{0} \leq 3^{\circ}$.





Allowable rotating eccentric angle $\theta_2 \leq 3^\circ$

Installation Requirement for Swing Impacts

[mm]

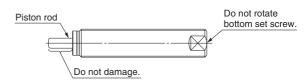
Model	S	θ₂ (Allowable	R (Min. instal	lation radius)			
Wodel	(Stroke) (Stroke) (Allowable rotating angle)	Basic type	With cap				
RJ0604	4		76	-			
RJ0805	5		96	258			
RJ0806	6		115	277			
RJ1006	6	3°	115	306			
RJ1007	7		134	325			
RJ1410	10		191	449			
RJ1412	12		229	487			
RJ2015	15		287	611			
RJ2725	25		478	916			

4. Do not scratch the sliding portion of the piston rod or the outside threads of the outer tube.

Failure to observe this precaution could scratch or gouge the sliding potion of the piston rod, or damage the seals, resulting in oil leak or malfunction. Furthermore, damage to outside threaded portion of the outer tube could prevent the shock absorber from being mounted onto the frame, or result in a malfunction by internal component parts deformation.

5. Never turn the screw on the bottom of the body.

This is not an adjusting screw. Otherwise, oil leak could occur.





Series RJ Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to the back cover for Safety Instructions, "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) for Common Precautions.

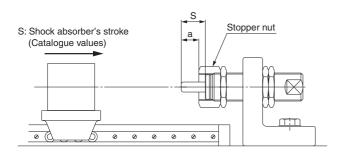
Mounting

MWarning

6. Adjust the stopping time by using a stopper nut.

Control the stopping time of the impacting material by turning the stopper nut in or out (thus changing length "a"). After establishing the stopper nut position, use a hexagon nut to secure the stopper nut in place.

Capacity of shock absorbers deteriorate in accordance with usage. When crashing sounds or vibrations are generated during the operation, adjust the stopper nut and make the effective stroke (a) longer, or give the stroke enough leeway beforehand.



Maintenance

∆Caution

1. Confirm that the mounting nut is not loosen.

The shock absorber could be damaged if used in a loosen state.

2. Pay attention to any abnormal impact sounds or vibrations.

If impact sounds or vibrations become abnormally high, the shock absorber may reach the end of its service life. Replace the shock absorber. If using continuously in such a state, equipment could be damaged.

- **3.** Confirm that there is no oil leak on the outer surface. When a large amount of oil is leaking, replace the product, because it is believed to be happening something wrong with it. If using continuously in such a state, equipment could be damaged.
- 4. Check for cracks and wear in caps.

For shock absorbers with caps, the caps will wear out first. Replace caps early to prevent damage to colliding objects. Storage

▲Caution

1. Position of the piston rod during storage

If the product is stored for an extended period (30 days or more) with the piston rod pushed, the absorption capacity could decrease. Avoid this kind of storage condition.

Shock Absorber Replacement Period

ACaution

1. The cylinder, eguipment and/or workpieces might be destroyed if the table collides the end of the stroke without being buffered properly by the shock absorber.

Check the conditions periodically and adjust or replace the shock absorber, if necessary. About 3 million cycles are possible within the catalogue usage range (model selection graph range), so check the condition after 1.5 million cycles for the RJ06 (room temperature: 20 to 25° C). Maximum operating cycles of 10 million is confirmed under our in-house conditions (room temperature: 20 to 25° C, impact load factor 50%, linear cylinder collision), so by making a size selection with much leeway, long operational life will be possible.



▲ Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "**Caution**," "**Warning**" or "**Danger**." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)^{*1}, and other safety regulations.



Safety Instructions Be sure to read "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) before using.

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