

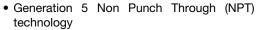
# **INT-A-PAK** "Half-Bridge" (Ultrafast Speed IGBT), 108 A



**INT-A-PAK** 

PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>CES</sub>	600 V				
I <sub>C</sub> DC	108 A				
V <sub>CE(on)</sub> at 100 A, 25 °C	2.6 V				
Package	INT-A-PAK				
Circuit	Half bridge				

#### **FEATURES**





· Ultrafast: Optimized for hard switching speed 8 kHz to 60 kHz

- Low V<sub>CE(on)</sub>
- 10 µs short circuit capability
- Square RBSOA
- Positive V<sub>CE(on)</sub> temperature coefficient
- HEXFRED® antiparallel diode with ultrasoft reverse recovery characteristics
- · Industry standard package
- Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> DBC
- UL approved file E78996



- · Designed for industrial level
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

#### **BENEFITS**

- Benchmark efficiency for UPS and welding application
- · Rugged transient performance
- Direct mounting on heatsink
- Very low junction to case thermal resistance

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MAX.	UNITS	
Collector to emitter voltage	V <sub>CES</sub>		600	V	
Continuous collector current	,	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	108		
Continuous collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 80 °C	74		
Pulsed collector current	I <sub>CM</sub>		200	_	
Clamped inductive load current	I <sub>LM</sub>		200	А	
Diode continuous forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	106	1	
		T <sub>C</sub> = 80 °C	69		
Gate to emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$		± 20	V	
Manipular and discipation	Б	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	390	14/	
Maximum power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 80 °C	219	W	
Isolation voltage	V <sub>ISOL</sub>	Any terminal to case, t = 1 min	2500	V	
Operating junction temperature range	TJ		-40 to +150	00	
Storage temperature range	T <sub>Stg</sub>		-40 to +150	°C	



<b>ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	V <sub>BR(CES)</sub>	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 500  \mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	
Collector to emitter voltage	V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	-	1.95	2.1	V
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A	-	2.6	2.85	
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	2.21	2.44	
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	3.05	3.38	
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_{C} = 500 \mu A$	3	4.6	6	
Collector to emitter leakage current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600 V	-	0.01	0.1	mA
		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C	-	3.7	10	IIIA
Diode forward voltage drop	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A	-	1.35	1.66	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A	-	1.57	1.96	
		I <sub>C</sub> = 50 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	1.27	1.50	
		I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	1.57	1.89	
Gate to emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = ± 20 V	-	-	± 200	nA

<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS</b> (T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Turn-on switching loss	E <sub>on</sub>		-	0.6	=		
Turn-off switching loss	E <sub>off</sub>	$I_C$ = 100 A, $V_{CC}$ = 360 V, $V_{GE}$ = 15 V, $R_0$ = 4.7 Ω, L = 200 μH, $T_{LI}$ = 25 °C	-	1.1	-		
Total switching loss	E <sub>tot</sub>	g ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	1.7	=		
Turn-on switching loss	E <sub>on</sub>		-	0.8	-	- mJ	
Turn-off switching loss	E <sub>off</sub>		-	1.3	-		
Total switching loss	E <sub>tot</sub>		-	2.1	-		
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$I_C$ = 100 A, $V_{CC}$ = 360 V, $V_{GE}$ = 15 V, $R_g$ = 4.7 Ω, L = 200 μH, $T_J$ = 125 °C	-	197	-		
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	50	-		
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		-	225	-	ns	
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	72	-		
Reverse bias safe operating area	RBSOA	$T_J = 150  ^{\circ}\text{C},  I_C = 200  \text{A}, \ R_g = 27  \Omega,  V_{GE} = 15  \text{V to } 0$	Fullsquare				
Short circuit safe operating area	SCSOA	$T_J = 150  ^{\circ}\text{C},  V_{CC} = 400  \text{V},  V_P = 600  \text{V},  R_g = 27  \Omega,  V_{GE} = 15  \text{V to } 0$	10	-	-		
Diode reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>		-	116	140	ns	
Diode peak reverse current	I <sub>rr</sub>	$I_F = 50 \text{ A}, dI_F/dt = 200 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s},$ $V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, T_{LI} = 25 \text{ °C}$	-	11	15	Α	
Diode recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	, ,	-	600	1050	nC	
Diode reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>		-	152	190	ns	
Diode peak reverse current	I <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 50 A, dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = 200 A/μs, V <sub>CC</sub> = 400 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	16	20	Α	
Diode recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	33	-	1215	1900	nC	



THERMAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Operating junction and storage temperature range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>Stg</sub>	-40	-	150	°C	
Junction to case per leg	IGBT	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	0.23	0.32	°C/W	
	Diode		-	0.38	0.64		
Case to sink per module		R <sub>thCS</sub>	-	0.1	-		
Mounting torque	case to heatsink		-	-	4	- Nm	
	case to terminal 1, 2, 3		-	-	3		
Weight			-	185	-	g	

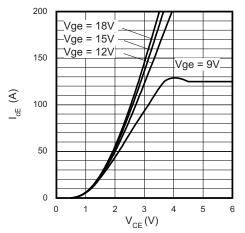


Fig. 1 - Typical IGBT Output Characteristics  $T_J = 25~^{\circ}\text{C}, \, t_p = 500~\mu\text{s}$ 

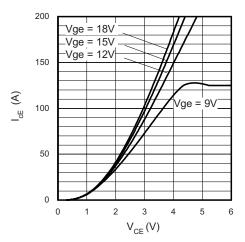


Fig. 2 - Typical IGBT Output Characteristics  $T_J = 125~^{\circ}C,\, t_p = 500~\mu s$ 

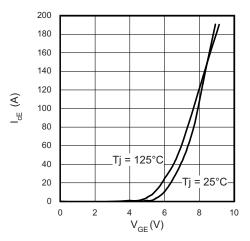


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics  $V_{CE}$  = 20 V,  $t_p$  = 500  $\mu s$ 

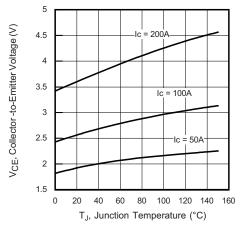


Fig. 4 - Typical Collector to Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature,  $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, 500 \text{ } \mu \text{s} \text{ pulse width}$ 

#### www.vishay.com

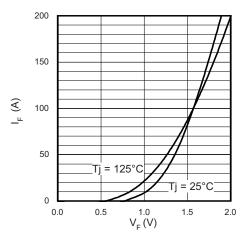


Fig. 5 - Diode Forward Characteristics,  $t_p = 500 \mu s$ 

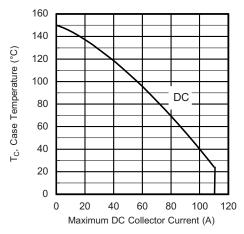


Fig. 6 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

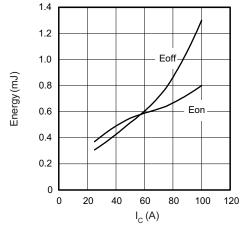


Fig. 7 - Typical Energy Loss vs. I<sub>C</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> = 125 °C, L = 200  $\mu$ H, V<sub>CC</sub> = 360 V, R<sub>g</sub> = 4.7  $\Omega$ , V<sub>GE</sub> = 15 V

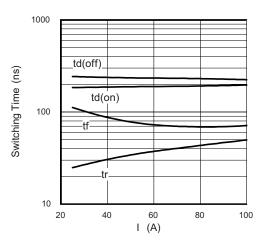
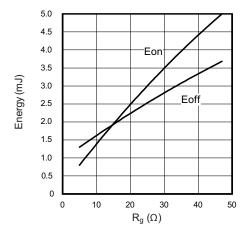


Fig. 8 - Typical Switching Time vs.  $I_C$   $T_J$  = 125 °C, L = 200  $\mu H$ ,  $V_{CC}$  = 360 V,  $R_g$  = 4.7  $\Omega$ ,  $V_{GE}$  = 15 V



 $\begin{aligned} &\text{Fig. 9 - Typical Energy Loss vs. } R_g \\ &\text{T}_J = 125~^{\circ}\text{C}, \ L = 200~\mu\text{H}, \ V_{CC} = 360~\text{V}, \\ &\text{I}_{CE} = 100~\text{A}, \ V_{GE} = 15~\text{V} \end{aligned}$ 

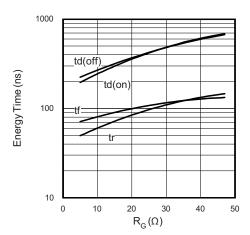


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Time vs.  $R_g$   $T_J$  = 125 °C, L = 200  $\mu$ H,  $V_{CC}$  = 360 V,  $I_{CE}$  = 100 A,  $V_{GE}$  = 15 V

#### www.vishay.com

# Vishay Semiconductors

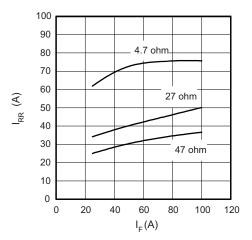


Fig. 11 - Typical Diode  $I_{rr}$  vs.  $I_{F}$ ,  $T_{J}$  = 125 °C

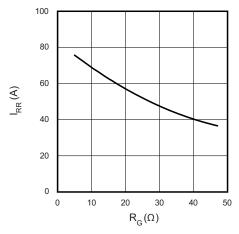


Fig. 12 - Typical Diode  $I_{rr}$  vs.  $R_g$ ,  $T_J = 125~^{\circ}C$ ,  $I_F = 100~A$ 

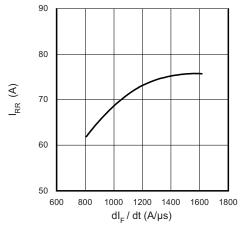


Fig. 13 - Typical Diode  $I_{rr}$  vs. dI<sub>F</sub>/dt,  $T_J = 125\ ^{\circ}C,\ V_{CC} = 360\ V,\ I_F = 150\ A,\ V_{GE} = 15\ V$ 

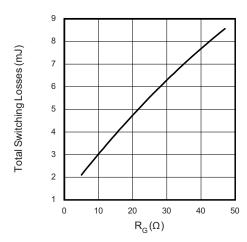


Fig. 14 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance, T<sub>J</sub> = 125 °C, L = 200  $\mu$ H, R<sub>g</sub> = 10  $\Omega$ , V<sub>CC</sub> = 360 V, V<sub>GE</sub> = 15 V

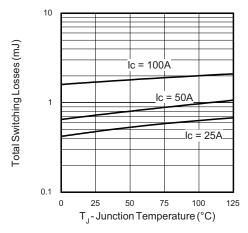
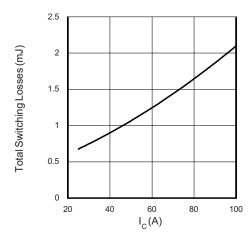


Fig. 15 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature, L = 200  $\mu$ H, R  $_g$  = 10  $\Omega$ , V  $_{CC}$  = 360 V, V  $_{GE}$  = 15 V



 $\label{eq:fig.16} Fig.~16 - Typical Switching Losses vs. \\ Collector to Emitter Current, \\ T_J = 125~^{\circ}C,~R_{g1} = 4.7~V,~R_{g2} = 0~\Omega,~V_{CC} = 360~V,~V_{GE} = 15~V \\ \\$ 



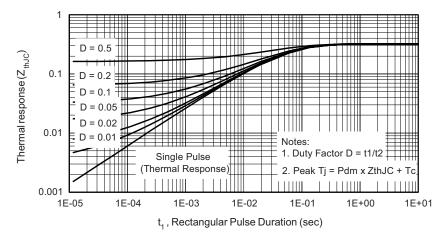


Fig. 17 - Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case (IGBT)

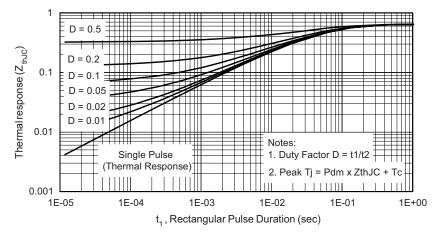
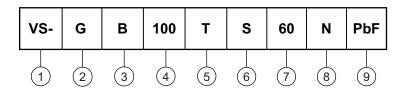


Fig. 18 - Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case (HEXFRED®)

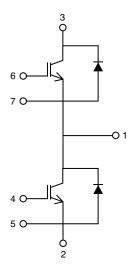
#### **ORDERING INFORMATION TABLE**

**Device code** 



- 1 Vishay Semiconductors product
- 2 Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT)
- 3 B = IGBT Generation 5 NPT
- 4 Current rating (100 = 100 A)
- **5** Circuit configuration (T = Half-bridge)
- 6 Package indicator (S = INT-A-PAK)
- 7 Voltage rating (60 = 600 V)
- Speed/type (N = Ultrafast IGBT)
- 9 Lead (Pb)-free

#### **CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION**

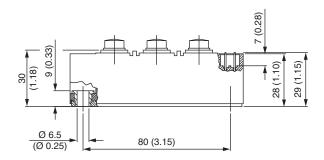


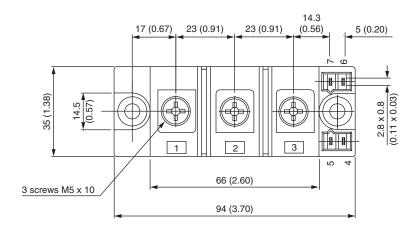
LINKS TO RELATED DOCUMENTS				
Dimensions	www.vishay.com/doc?95543			

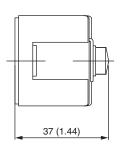


### **INT-A-PAK IGBT**

### **DIMENSIONS** in millimeters (inches)









### **Legal Disclaimer Notice**

Vishay

### **Disclaimer**

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

## **Material Category Policy**

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.

Revision: 02-Oct-12 Document Number: 91000