## AD8333-EVALZ

## FEATURES

Factory tested and ready to use
SMA input and output connectors (7)
Configurable jumpers for user options
Phase select
Provision for external reset
Includes LNA input amplifier
Internal clock buffer
Summing amplifier to view sum of both channels or single Channel I and Channel Q outputs
Compact surface-mount layout can be applied to user application

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD8333-EVAL evaluation board enables the user to quickly become familiar with the operating characteristics and features of the AD8333 dual I/Q demodulator and phase shifter. Jumpers provide a convenient means for exercising the user-selectable features of the AD8333.
The board is tested prior to shipment and shipped with the phase-encoding bits set to 0000 (no phase shift) for both channels. The LNA is set up for a $50 \Omega$ source, and the VGA sections of the AD8332 are disabled. Test points are provided along the signal path to facilitate signal tracing.

## APPLICATIONS

Hands-on testing of the AD8333


Figure 1. Evaluation Board-Actual Size

Rev. B
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## AD8333-EVALZ

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## 1/06-Revision 0: Initial Version

## INTRODUCTION

The AD8333-EVAL evaluation board provides a platform for test and evaluation of the AD8333 I/Q demodulator and phase shifter. The board is shipped fully assembled and tested, and the user need only connect appropriate signals to the RF input and $\mathrm{f}_{4 \mathrm{LO}}$ SMA connectors. An AD8332 is included with the board and acts as a buffer and bias supply for the AD8333, converting single-ended signals to differential, centered at half the supply. A photograph of the board is shown in Figure 1 and a schematic diagram is shown in Figure 3. The board requires dual 5 V supplies capable of supplying 300 mA or greater. Except for the components shown in grayscale, the board is built and tested using all the components illustrated in Figure 3.

## FEATURES AND OPTIONS

The evaluation board has several features and options that are configurable according to the specific needs of the user. Table 1 lists the jumpers and their functions.

Table 1. Jumper Functions

| Jumper | Function | Position |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ENBL | Enable the AD8333 | Bottom $=$ disable; top $=$ enable |
| PH10 | Ch 1 Phase 0 bit | Top $=0 ;$ bottom $=1$ |
| PH11 | Ch 1 Phase 1 bit | Top $=0 ;$ bottom $=1$ |
| PH12 | Ch 1 Phase 2 bit | Top $=0 ;$ bottom $=1$ |
| PH13 | Ch 1 Phase 3 bit | Top $=0 ;$ bottom $=1$ |
| PH20 | Ch 2 Phase 0 bit | Top $=1 ;$ bottom $=0$ |
| PH21 | Ch 2 Phase 1 bit | Top $=1 ;$ bottom $=0$ |
| PH22 | Ch 2 Phase 2 bit | Top $=1 ;$ bottom $=0$ |
| PH23 | Ch 2 Phase 3 bit | Top $=1 ;$ bottom $=0$ |
| RST | Reset pin | Left $=$ reset; right $=$ normal |

## The Phase Bits

The phase bits configure the channel for one of sixteen $22.5^{\circ}$ increments from $0^{\circ}$ to $337.5^{\circ}$. The increments increase according to a simple binary code from 0000 to 1111 embodied in the phase bits from $0^{\circ}(0 \mathrm{x} 0)$ to $337.5^{\circ}(0 \mathrm{xF})$. Table 2 lists the phase shift and corresponding code for each bit. The bits labeled 0 and 1 correspond to low and high, respectively, on the silkscreen. Jumpers are provided to select the desired state.

## Enable and Reset Jumpers

For normal operation, place a jumper in the upper position of ENBL. To disable the AD8333, move the jumper to the lower position. For normal operation, the jumper for RST is in its right position. When the jumper is in the left position, the device counter is held in reset and no mixing occurs.

Table 2. Phase Shift Select Codes

| $\boldsymbol{\Phi}$ Shift | PHx3 | PHx2 | PHx1 | PHx0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $22.5^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $45^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $67.5^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| $90^{\circ}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $112.5^{\circ}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| $135^{\circ}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| $157.5^{\circ}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $180^{\circ}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $202.5^{\circ}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| $225^{\circ}$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| $247.5^{\circ}$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| $270^{\circ}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| $292.5^{\circ}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| $315^{\circ}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| $337.5^{\circ}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

## Fixed Options

Several options can be realized by adding or changing resistors.

## LNA Input Impedance

The shipping configuration of the input impedance of the LNA is $50 \Omega$ to match the output impedance of most signal generators. Input impedances of up to $14.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ are obtained by selection of the values of R9 and R10. Details concerning this circuit feature are found in the AD8332 data sheet. For reference, Table 3 lists common values of input impedance and corresponding feedback resistor values.

Table 3. LNA External Component Values for Common Source Impedances

| $\mathbf{R}_{\text {IN }}(\boldsymbol{\Omega})$ | R $_{\text {FB, }}$ Nearest STD 1\% Value $\mathbf{( \Omega )}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\text {SH }}(\mathbf{p F})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50 | 280 | 22 |
| 75 | 412 | 12 |
| 100 | 562 | 8 |
| 200 | 1.13 k | 1.2 |
| 500 | 3.01 k | None |
| 6 k | $\infty$ | None |

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## Current Summing

The output transimpedance amplifiers, A1 through A4, are configured as I-to-V converters to convert the output current of the AD8333 to a voltage. The low-pass filters formed by the feedback components are designed for single-channel operation with $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies.
Optional R4 and R5 resistors are provided to sum the two channels. When R4 and R5 are installed, R2 and R3 are removed and the sum of the outputs is seen at the I1 and Q1 output SMA connectors. If large signal levels are expected, the feedback resistor and capacitor values, $787 \Omega$ and 2.2 nF , can be halved and doubled, respectively, to optimize the output swing. The filter capacitor values can be changed if other frequencies are desired.

## Reset Input

For normal operation, the reset input is high (no reset). To drive the reset with a dynamic signal, provision is made to connect a signal generator at the RST input. A $49.9 \Omega, 0603$ surfacemount resistor can be installed at R15 to terminate the reset input for pulsed experiments. In this configuration, the jumper at RST is not used and must be removed to avoid loading the power supply.

## MEASUREMENT SETUP

Figure 2 displays the connector and user-selectable jumper locations. A typical board and test equipment setup is shown in Figure 4. Two signal generators, a power splitter, and a $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$, 300 mA (minimum) power supply are required. Synchronize the signal generators for optimum results. Remember that the $\mathrm{f}_{4 \mathrm{LO}}$ signal generator frequency is four times that of the nominal frequency of the RF source. For example, to detect signals with a nominal center frequency of 5 MHz , an $f_{4 L O}$ frequency of 20 MHz is applied to the oscillator input. For an applied RF signal of 5.01 MHz , the mix frequencies are 10 kHz and 10.01 MHz . Because of the low-pass active filter of the transconductance amplifiers (A1 through A4), 10 kHz is observed at the output.
Take care to avoid over driving the LNA input of the AD8332. The LNA gain is $19 \mathrm{~dB}(9.5 \times)$ and the maximum output swing must not be exceeded; -10 dBm suffices for many experiments. The $\mathrm{f}_{4 \mathrm{~L}}$ input is ac-coupled to a 5 V LVDS buffer to provide an ideal interface to the AD8333.

The $\mathrm{f}_{4 \mathrm{LO}}$ level is frequency dependent; consult the AD8333 data sheet for minimum signal levels, then adjust the signal generator output level accordingly.


Figure 2. Evaluation Board Layout

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## EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC AND ARTWORK



Figure 3. Evaluation Board Schematic

TOP:
SIGNAL GENERATOR FOR $\mathrm{f}_{4 \text { LO }}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { SIGNAL GENERATOR FOR } \mathrm{f}_{4 \mathrm{LO}} & \text { GENERATOR FOR RF INPUT } \\ \text { INPUT TYPICAL SETTING: } 20 \mathrm{MHz} & \text { TYPICAL SETTING: 5.01MHz }\end{array}$ SIGNAL 1V p-p

BOTTOM:
GENERATOR FOR RF INPUT


Figure 4. Typical Board Test Connections (One Channel Shown)

## BOARD LAYOUT

The AD8333 evaluation board has four layers. The interconnecting circuitry is located on the outer layers with the inner layers dedicated as power and ground planes. Figure 5 through Figure 9 illustrate the copper patterns.


Figure 5. Component Side Copper


Figure 6. Wiring Side Copper


Figure 7. Component Side Silkscreen


Figure 8. Ground Plane

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Figure 9. Power Plane

## ORDERING INFORMATION

## BILL OF MATERIALS

Table 4.

| Qty | Name | Description | Reference Designator | Mfg. Part Number | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | IC | AD8021ARZ | A1 to A4 | AD8021ARZ | Analog Devices, Inc. |
| 23 | Capacitor | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 16 \mathrm{~V}, 0603, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C1, C4, C5, C6, C9, C11, C12, C13, } \\ & \text { C14, C17, C24, C36, C41, C42, } \\ & \text { C44, C45, C46, C47, C48, C49, } \\ & \text { C50, C51, C52 } \end{aligned}$ | C0603C104K4RACTU | KEMET Corporation |
| 2 | Capacitor | $22 \mathrm{pF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \%, 0603$ | C2, C3 | ECJ-1VC1H220J | Panasonic |
| 2 | Capacitor | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$, A size tantalum | C7, C8 | T491A106M010AS | KEMET Corporation |
| 4 | Capacitor | $2.2 \mathrm{nF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 10 \%, 0603$ | C26, C29, C31, C32 | ECJ-1VB1H222K | Panasonic |
| 4 | Capacitor | $5 \mathrm{pF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 0603$ | C27, C28, C30, C33 | ECJ-1VC1H050C | Panasonic |
| 2 | Capacitor | $0.018 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 0603$ | C39, 440 | 06035C183KAT2A | AVX Corp. |
| 1 | Capacitor | $1 \mathrm{nF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%$, 0603, X7R | C43 | ECJ-1VB2A102K | Panasonic |
| 1 | IC | AD8333 I/Q demodulator | DUT | AD8333ACPZ-WP | Analog Devices, Inc. |
| 7 | Connector | SMA female PC mount, RA | I1, I2, IN1, IN2, LOP, Q1, Q2 | 901-143-6RFX | Amphenol |
| 7 | Ferrite Bead | $120 \mathrm{nH}, 0603$ | L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, L6, L7 | BLM18BA750SN1D | Murata Manufacturing Co. |
| 1 | Resistor | $100 \Omega, 1 \%, 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | R1 | ERJ-3EKF1000V | Panasonic |
| 6 | Resistor | $0 \Omega, 5 \%, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | R2, R3, R32, R33, R35, R38 | ERJ-2GE0R00X | Panasonic |
| 1 | Resistor | $3.48 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 \%, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | R6 | ERJ-3EKF3.48KV | Panasonic |
| 1 | Resistor | $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 \%, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | R7 | ERJ3EKF1501V | Panasonic |
| 2 | Resistor | $274 \Omega, 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R9, R10 | ERJ-3EKF2740V | Panasonic |
| 1 | Resistor | 49.9 , 1\%, 1/16 W, 0603 | R13 | ERJ-3EKF49R9V | Panasonic |
| 4 | Resistor | $20 \Omega, 1 \%, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | R22, R23, R25, R26 | ERJ3EKF20ROV | Panasonic |
| 4 | Resistor | 787 ת, 1/16 W, 1\%, 0603 | R39 to R42 | ERJ-3EKF7870V | Panasonic |
| 10 | Header | 3 -pin 0.025 " sq., 0.1 " spacing | ENBL, PH10, PH11, PH12, PH13, PH20, PH21, PH22, PH23, RST | 22-11-2032 | Molex, Inc. |
| 1 | Test Loop | 0.125" diameter, red | +5V | TP-104-01-02 | Components Corp. |
| 4 | Test Loop | 0.125" diameter, black | GND1 to GND4 | TP-104-01-00 | Components Corp. |
| 1 | Test Loop | $0.125^{\prime \prime}$ diameter, blue | -5V | TP-104-01-06P | Components Corp. |
| 5 | Test Loop | 0.125" diameter, purple | TP5 to TP8, RST | TP-104-01-07 | Components Corp. |
| 1 | IC | VGA AD8332 | Z1 | AD8332ACPZ | Analog Devices, Inc. |
| 1 | IC | DRV LVDS dual differential signal 8-lead SOIC | Z3 | DS90C401M | National Semiconductor |
| 1 | PC Board |  |  | 09-A00941C |  |
| 4 | Bumper |  | Mount to wiring side of board | SJ-67A11 (black) | 3M |
| 10 | Jumper |  | Install at ENBL: top, PH10: top, PH11: top, PH12: top, PH13: top, PH20: bottom, PH21: bottom, PH22: bottom, PH23: bottom, RST: right; orient when board is in normal viewing position with IN1 and IN2 SMA connectors at left | 65474-001 | FCl |

## AD8333-EVALZ

| ORDERING GUIDE |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model | Description |
| AD8333-EVALZ ${ }^{1}$ | Evaluation Board |
| ${ }^{2}$ Z = RoHS Compliant Part. |  |

## ESD CAUTION

|  | ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. <br> Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge <br> without detection. Although this product features <br> patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage <br> may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. <br> Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to <br> avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality. |
| :--- | :--- |

NOTES

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## NOTES

