











SN74AUP1G00

SCES604J-SEPTEMBER 2004-REVISED DECEMBER 2016

# SN74AUP1G00 Low-Power Single 2-Input Positive-NAND Gate

#### Features

- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Available in the Ultra Small 0.64 mm<sup>2</sup> Package (DPW) with 0.5-mm Pitch
- Low Static-Power Consumption  $(I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A Max)$
- Low Dynamic-Power Consumption  $(C_{pd} = 4 pF Typical at 3.3 V)$
- Low Input Capacitance ( $C_i = 1.5 pF Typical$ )
- Low Noise Overshoot and Undershoot <10% of  $V_{CC}$
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Live Insertion, Partial-Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Input Hysteresis Allows Slow Input Transition and Better Switching Noise Immunity at Input (V<sub>hys</sub> = 250 mV Typical at 3.3 V)
- Wide Operating V<sub>CC</sub> Range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- Optimized for 3.3-V Operation
- 3.6-V I/O Tolerant to Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation
- $t_{pd} = 4.8 \text{ ns Maximum at } 3.3 \text{ V}$
- Suitable for Point-to-Point Applications
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II

## 2 Applications

- **ATCA Solutions**
- Active Noise Cancellation (ANC)
- Barcode Scanner
- **Blood Pressure Monitor**
- **CPAP Machine**
- Cable Solutions
- DLP 3D Machine Vision, Hyperspectral Imaging, Optical Networking, and Spectroscopy
- E-Book
- Embedded PC
- Field Transmitter: Temperature or Pressure Sensor
- Fingerprint Biometrics
- HVAC: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning
- Network-Attached Storage (NAS)
- Server Motherboard and PSU
- Software Defined Radio (SDR)
- TV: High-Definition (HDTV), LCD, and Digital
- Video Communications System
- Wireless Data Access Card, Headset, Keyboard, Mouse, and LAN Card
- X-ray: Baggage Scanner, Medical, and Dental

#### 3 Description

This single 2-input positive-NAND gate performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A \times B}$  or  $Y = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$  in positive logic.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
SN74AUP1G00DBV	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm		
SN74AUP1G00DCK	SC70 (5)	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm		
SN74AUP1G00DRL	SOT (5)	1.60 mm × 1.20 mm		
SN74AUP1G00DRY	SON (6)	1.45 mm × 1.00 mm		
SN74AUP1G00DSF	SON (6)	1.00 mm × 1.00 mm		
SN74AUP1G00YFP	DSBGA (6)	1.00 mm × 1.40 mm		
SN74AUP1G00YZP DSBGA (5)		1.37 mm × 0.87 mm		
SN74AUP1G00DPW	X2SON (5)	0.80 mm × 0.80 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

## Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)





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## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

CI	nanges from Revision I (June 2014) to Revision J	Page
•	Changed X2SON package pin count from: "(4)" to: "(5)"	1
•	Added DSF (SON) (6), YFP (DSBGA) (6), and YZP (DSBGA) (5) packages to Device Information	1
•	Changed pinout images with new diagrams	4
•	Changed Pin Functions table to Pin Functions — DBV, DCK, DRL, DPW, DRY, and DSF and Pin Functions — YZF and YFP tables	
•	Added missing pinout information to Pin Functions table	4
•	Added Junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>	6
•	Changed Handling Ratings table to a ESD Ratings table	6
•	Changed unit from: "A" to:" $\mu$ A" for I <sub>OL</sub> at V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	<del>7</del>
•	Added Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates section and Community Resources section	17

CI	hanges from Revision H (April 2012) to Revision I	Page
•	Updated document to new TI data sheet format	1
•	Removed Ordering Information table.	1
•	Updated I <sub>off</sub> in <i>Features</i> .	1
•	Added Applications	1
•	Added Device Information table.	1
•	Added DPW Package	4
•	Added Handling Ratings table	6
•	Added Thermal Information table.	7
•	Added Typical Characteristics.	10

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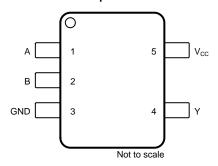


Cr	Changes from Revision G (March 2010) to Revision H				
•	Corrected the MIN Value for 1.2 V per available characterization data		9		



## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

DBV, DCK, or DRL Package 5-Pin SOT-23, SC70, or SOT Top View



DPW Package
5-Pin X2SON
Top View

B

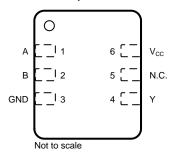
1

S

GND

Not to scale

DRY or DSF Package 6-Pin SON Top View



N.C. - No internal connection

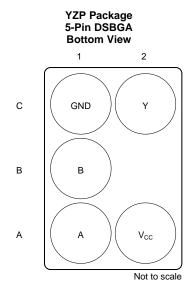
## Pin Functions — DBV, DCK, DRL, DPW, DRY, and DSF<sup>(1)</sup>

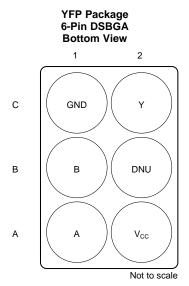
PIN					
NAME	DBV, DCK, DRL	DPW	DRY, DSF	I/O	DESCRIPTION
Α	1	2	1	I	Input A
В	2	1	2	I	Input B
GND	3	3	3	_	Ground
N.C.	-	_	5	_	No internal connection
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	5	6	_	Power Pin
Υ	4	4	4	0	Output Y

Product Folder Links: SN74AUP1G00

(1) See mechanical drawings for dimensions.







DNU - Do not use

## Pin Functions — YZP and YFP(1)

PIN			1/0	DECORPORTION		
YZP	YFP	NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION		
A1	A1	A	1	Input A		
A2	A2	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Power Pin		
B1	B1	В	I	Input B		
_	B2	DNU	_	Do not use		
C1	C1	GND	_	Ground		
C2	C2	Y	0	Output Y		

<sup>(1)</sup> See mechanical drawings for dimensions.

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## 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
VI	Input voltage (2)		-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-imped	dance or power-off state (2)	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	Output voltage range in the high or low state (2)		-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			20	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			50	mA
$T_{J}$	Junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
\/	Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	2000	\/
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	1000	V

Product Folder Links: SN74AUP1G00

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<sup>(2)</sup> The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(1)</sup> JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

<sup>(2)</sup> JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



## 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub>			
. ,	High level in a trade as	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V	
/ <sub>IH</sub> / <sub>IL</sub> / <sub>O</sub> OH	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6		V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		0		
\	Low lovel input veltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V	
VIL	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.9		
VI	Input voltage		0	3.6	V	
Vo	Output voltage		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-20	μΑ	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V		-1.1		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V		-1.7	mA	
ЮН	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65		-1.9		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-3.1		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		20	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V		1.1		
	Laurent autout aumont	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V		1.7		
IOL	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		1.9	mA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		3.1		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		4		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		200	ns/V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	,	-40	85	°C	

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. See *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, SCBA004.

### 6.4 Thermal Information

0.4	lermai imormation	ı						
				SN74AI	JP1G00			
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC70)	DPW (X2SON)	DRL (SOT)	DRY (SON)	DSF (SON)	UNIT
		5 PINS	5 PINS	5 PINS	5 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	298.6	314.4	291.8	349.7	554.9	407.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	240.2	128.7	224.2	120.5	385.4	232.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	134.6	100.6	245.8	171.4	388.2	306.9	°C/W
ΤυΨ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	114.5	7.1	31.4	10.8	159.0	40.3	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	133.9	99.8	245.6	169.4	384.1	306.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	195.4	n/a	n/a	n/a	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST COMPITIONS	V	T,	<sub>A</sub> = 25°C		$T_A = -40$ °C t	o +85°C	LINUT		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	0.1 0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub> 0.37 0.35 0.33 0.45 0.5 0.6	UNIT		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA	0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1				
	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.1 mA	1.1 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>			0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>				
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.7 mA	1.4 V	1.11			1.03		 		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.9 mA	1.65 V	1.32			1.3		V		
	$I_{OH} = -2.3 \text{ mA}$	221	2.05			1.97		V		
	$I_{OH} = -3.1 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	1.9			1.85				
	$I_{OH} = -2.7 \text{ mA}$	2.1/	2.72			2.67				
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	3 V	2.6			2.55				
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	0.8 V to 3.6 V			0.1		0.1			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.1 mA	1.1 V		(	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>		$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.7 mA	1.4 V			0.31		0.37			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.9 mA	1.65 V			0.31		0.35			
VOL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.3 mA	221/			0.31		0.33	V		
	$I_{OL} = 3.1 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V			0.44		0.45			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.7 mA	3 V			0.31		0.33			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	3 V			0.44		0.45			
I <sub>I</sub> A or B input	$V_I = GND \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	0 V to 3.6 V			0.1		0.5	μΑ		
I <sub>off</sub>	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V	0 V			0.2		0.6	μΑ		
$\Delta I_{ m off}$	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V	0 V to 0.2 V			0.2		0.6	μΑ		
I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_I = GND$ or $(V_{CC}$ to 3.6 V), $I_O = 0$	0.8 V to 3.6 V			0.5		0.9	μΑ		
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 V^{(1)}, I_O = 0$	3.3 V			40		50	μΑ		
	V V an CND	0 V		1.5						
C <sub>i</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.6 V		1.5				pF		
C <sub>o</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> = GND	0 V		3				pF		

<sup>(1)</sup> One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 5 pF$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	+85°C	UNIT
FARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	ONIT
			0.8 V		16.6				
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	2.6	7	13.8	2.1	17.1	
	A or B	Y	1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.9	5	9.2	2.9	11.1	no
t <sub>pd</sub>	AUID	Y	1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2	4	7.1	2	9	ns
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.3	2.9	4.9	1.3	6.2	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	2.4	3.8	1	4.8	



## 6.7 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 10 pF$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	UNIT	
FARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	ONIT
			0.8 V		18.9				
		Y	1.2 V ± 0.1 V	3.2	8	15.7	3.1	18.8	
	A or B		1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.9	5.8	10.5	2.9	12.1	
t <sub>pd</sub>	AUID		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2	4.7	8.2	2	9.8	ns
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.3	3.4	5.7	1.3	6.8	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	2.9	4.5	1	5.2	

## 6.8 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 15 pF$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

DADAMETED	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V	T <sub>A</sub>	= 25°C		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	+85°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)		V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
			0.8 V		21.3				
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	9	17.3	3.1	21.5	ns
	A D	Y	1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.9	6.5	11.6	2.9	14	
t <sub>pd</sub>	A or B		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2	5.3	9.2	2	11.4	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.3	3.9	6.4	1.3	8	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	3.3	5.1	1	6.4	

## 6.9 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 30 pF$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

DADAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub>	= 25°C		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
			0.8 V		28.4				
		V	1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.9	11.9	21.9	4.4	27.1	ns
	A D		1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.9	8.6	14.7	2.9	17.7	
t <sub>pd</sub> A or E	AUID	ĭ	1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2	7.1	11.5	2	14.2	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.3	5.3	8.1	1.3	10	
			$3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1	4.5	6.5	1	8	

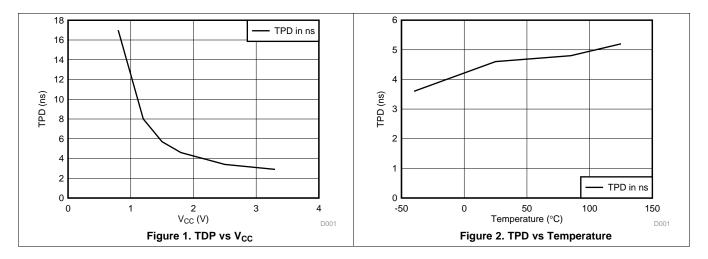
## 6.10 Operating Characteristics

 $T_{\Lambda} = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	TYP	UNIT
			0.8 V	4	
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	
	Dower discipation conscitons	f = 10 MHz	1.5 V ± 0.1 V	4	~F
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	I = IO WINZ	1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4	pF
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	4	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4	



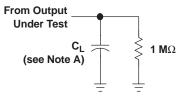
# 6.11 Typical Characteristics





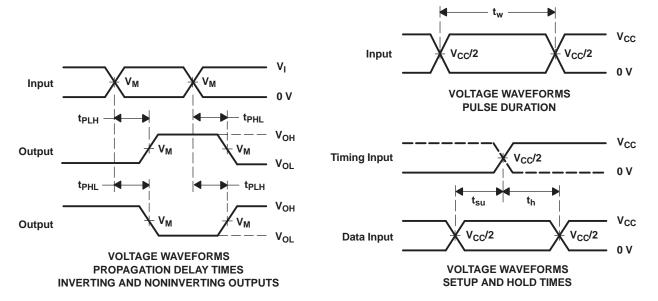
#### 7 Parameter Measurement Information

#### 7.1 Propagation Delays, Setup and Hold Times, and Pulse Width



**LOAD CIRCUIT** 

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	$V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V
C <sub>L</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF
V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
V <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>



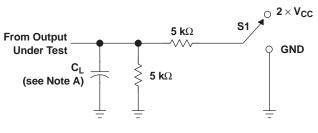
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , slew rate  $\geq$  1 V/ns.
- C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- $\begin{array}{ll} \text{D.} & t_{PLH} \text{ and } t_{PHL} \text{ are the same as } t_{pd}. \\ \text{E.} & \text{All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.} \end{array}$

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



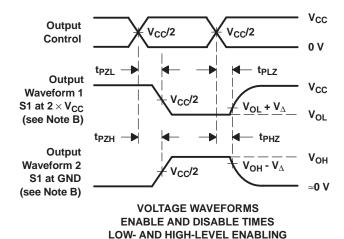
#### 7.2 Enable and Disable Times



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	2×V <sub>CC</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

LOAD CIRCUIT

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{C}_{\textbf{L}} \\ \textbf{V}_{\textbf{M}} \\ \textbf{V}_{\textbf{I}} \\ \textbf{V}_{\boldsymbol{\Delta}} \end{array}$	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF
	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.15 V	0.15 V	0.3 V



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , slew rate  $\geq$  1 V/ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- G. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Submit Documentation Feedback



#### 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

This is a single 2-input positive-NAND gate that is designed in Texas Instrument's ultra-low power technology. It performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A} \times \overline{B}$  or  $Y = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$  in positive logic.

The AUP family of devices has quiescent power consumption less than 1 µA and comes in the ultra small DPW package. The DPW package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging. Its tiny 0.64 mm square footprint saves significant board space over other package options while still retaining the traditional manufacturing friendly lead pitch of 0.5 mm.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{\text{off}}$ . The  $I_{\text{off}}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered. The  $I_{\text{off}}$  feature also allows for live insertion.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Figure 5. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

#### 8.3 Feature Description

- Wide operating V<sub>CC</sub> range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- 3.6-V I/O tolerant to support down translation
- Input hysteresis allows slow input transition and better switching noise immunity at the input
- I<sub>off</sub> feature allows voltages on the inputs and outputs when V<sub>CC</sub> is 0 V
- Low noise due to slower edge rates

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 shows the functional modes of the SN74AUP1G00 device.

**Table 1. Function Table** 

INF	PUTS	OUTPUT
Α	В	Y
L	L	Н
L	Н	Н
Н	L	Н
Н	Н	L



## 9 Application and Implementation

#### 9.1 Application Information

The AUP family is TI's premier solution to the industry's low-power needs in battery-powered portable applications. This family ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, resulting in an increased battery life. This product also maintains excellent signal integrity. It has a small amount of hysteresis built in allowing for slower or noisy input signals. The lowered drive produces slower edges and prevents overshoot and undershoot on the outputs.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

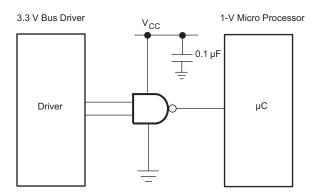


Figure 6. Typical Application Diagram

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

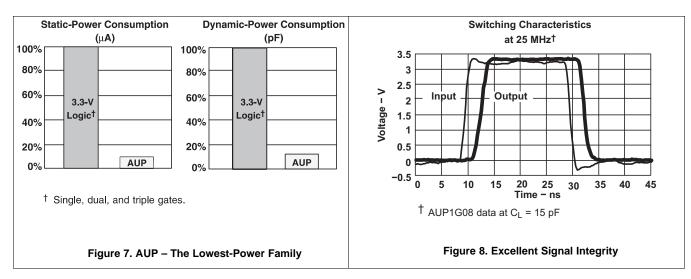
- 1. Recommended Input conditions:
  - Rise time and fall time specs. See (Δt/ΔV) in Recommended Operating Conditions
  - Specified high and low levels. See (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>) in Recommended Operating Conditions
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 3.6 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>
- 2. Recommended output conditions:
  - Load currents should not exceed 20 mA on the output and 50 mA total for the part
  - Outputs should not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>

Submit Documentation Feedback



## **Typical Application (continued)**

## 9.2.3 Application Curves



The AUP family of single gate logic makes excellent translators for the new lower voltage microprocessors that typically are powered from 0.8 V to 1.2 V. They can drop the voltage of peripheral drivers and accessories that are still powered by 3.3 V to the new uC power levels.



## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the Min and Max supply voltage rating located in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.

Each  $V_{CC}$  pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1  $\mu F$  is recommended; if there are multiple  $V_{CC}$  pins, then 0.01  $\mu F$  or 0.022  $\mu F$  is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1  $\mu F$  and a 1  $\mu F$  are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

## 11 Layout

## 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-bit logic devices, inputs should never float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Figure 9 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the output section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os, so they cannot float when disabled.

#### 11.2 Layout Example

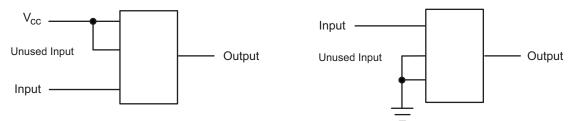


Figure 9. Layout Diagram

Product Folder Links: SN74AUP1G00

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## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### 12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





4-May-2017

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74AUP1G00DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H00R	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H00R	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	H00R	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HAF ~ HAK ~ HAR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HAF ~ HAK ~ HAR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HAR	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DPWR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A4	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	5	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HA7 ~ HAR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DRLRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	5	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HA7 ~ HAR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DRY2	ACTIVE	SON	DRY	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НА	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DRYR	ACTIVE	SON	DRY	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НА	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DSF2	ACTIVE	SON	DSF	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU   CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НА	Samples
SN74AUP1G00DSFR	ACTIVE	SON	DSF	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU   CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НА	Samples
SN74AUP1G00YFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		HAN	Samples
SN74AUP1G00YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HAN	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.



## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

4-May-2017

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

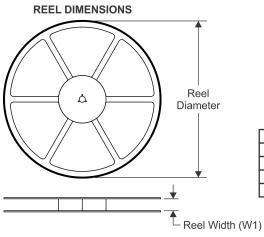
**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 21-Jul-2017

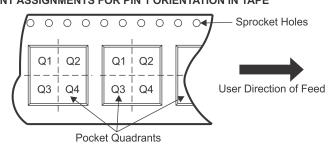
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AUP1G00DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	9.2	2.3	2.55	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G00DPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	178.0	8.4	0.91	0.91	0.5	2.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G00DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	5	4000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G00DRY2	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.6	1.15	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G00DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.15	1.6	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP1G00DSF2	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G00DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74AUP1G00YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP1G00YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	5	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

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\*All dimensions are nominal

<b>.</b>			ъ:	000		140 to ( )	
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AUP1G00DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74AUP1G00DPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74AUP1G00DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	5	4000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G00DRY2	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G00DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G00DSF2	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G00DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G00YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
SN74AUP1G00YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	5	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

# DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
- The exposed lead frame feature on side of package may or may not be present due to alternative lead frame designs.
- E. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation UFAD.
- $frac{f}{K}$  See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the pin 1 identifier shape.



## DRY (R-PUSON-N6)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES: A.

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.



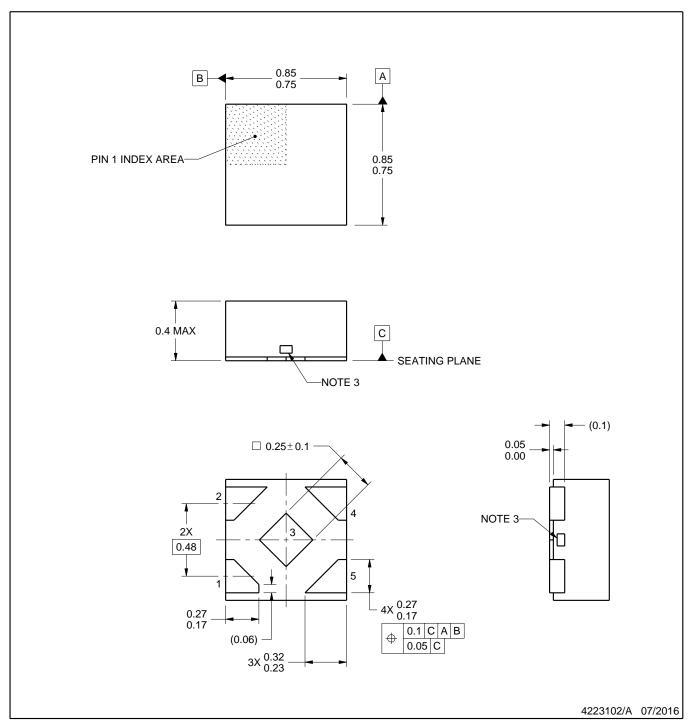


Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4211218-3/D



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

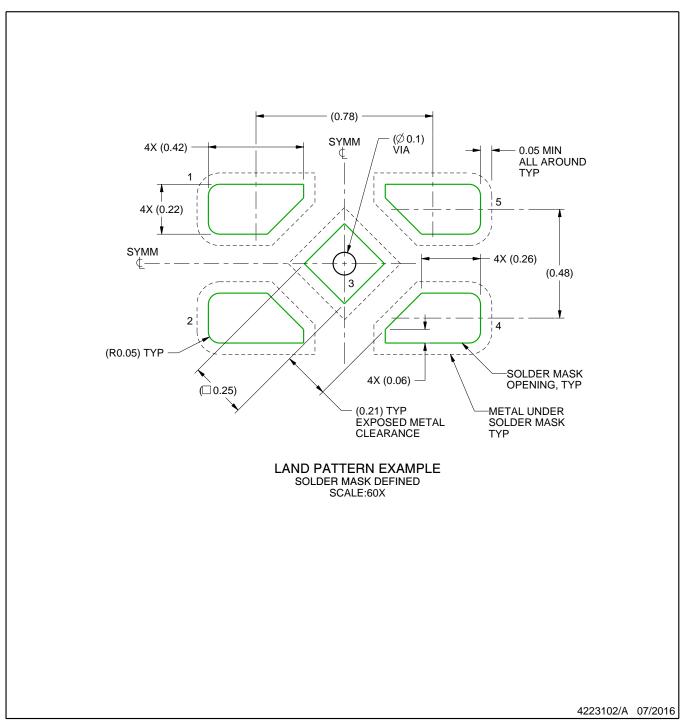


- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The size and shape of this feature may vary.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

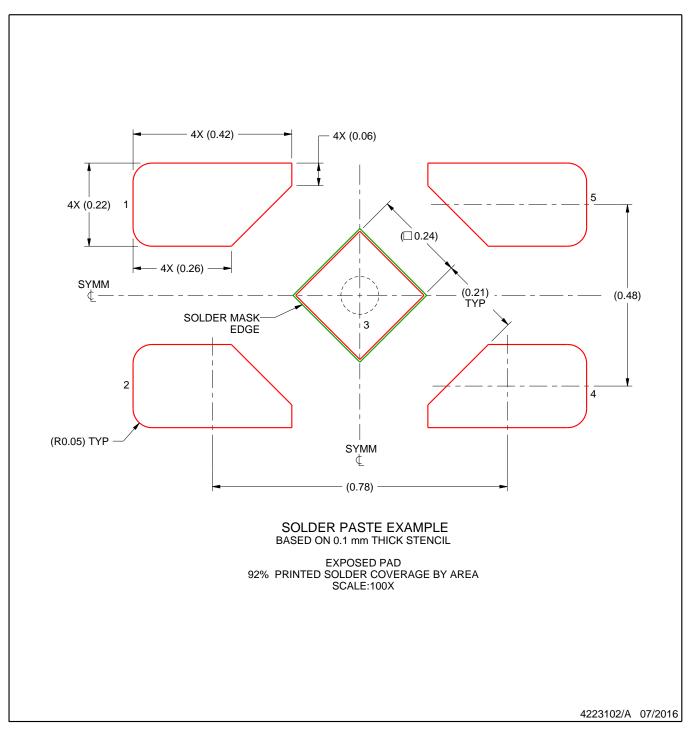


NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.







- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.





NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



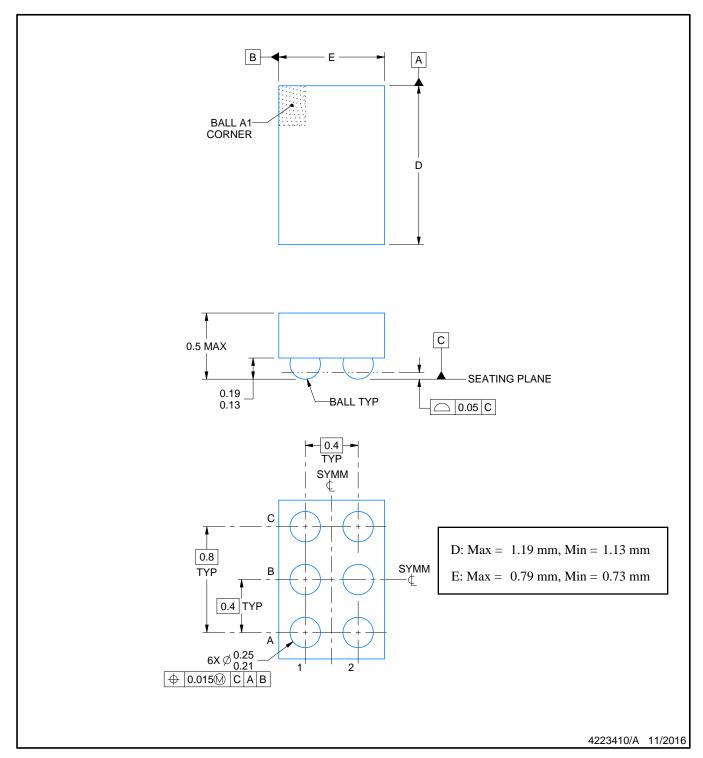


NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

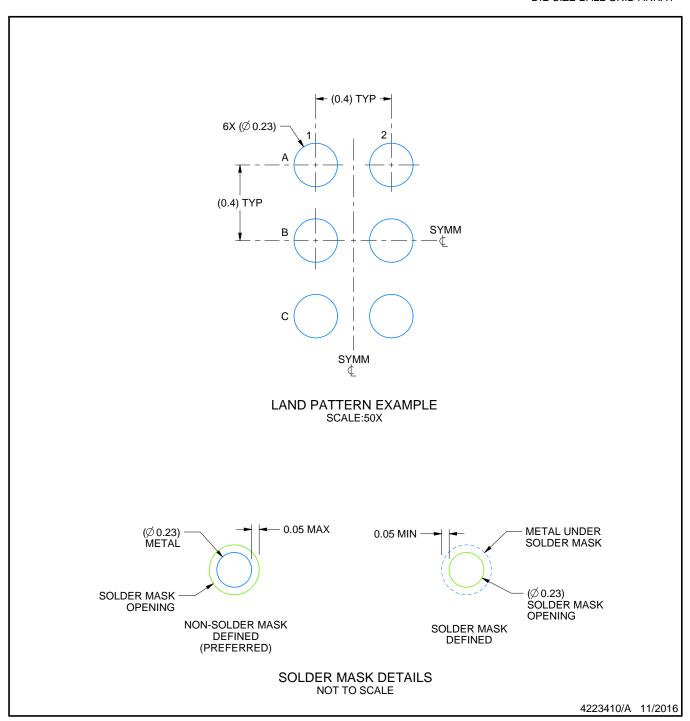






- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

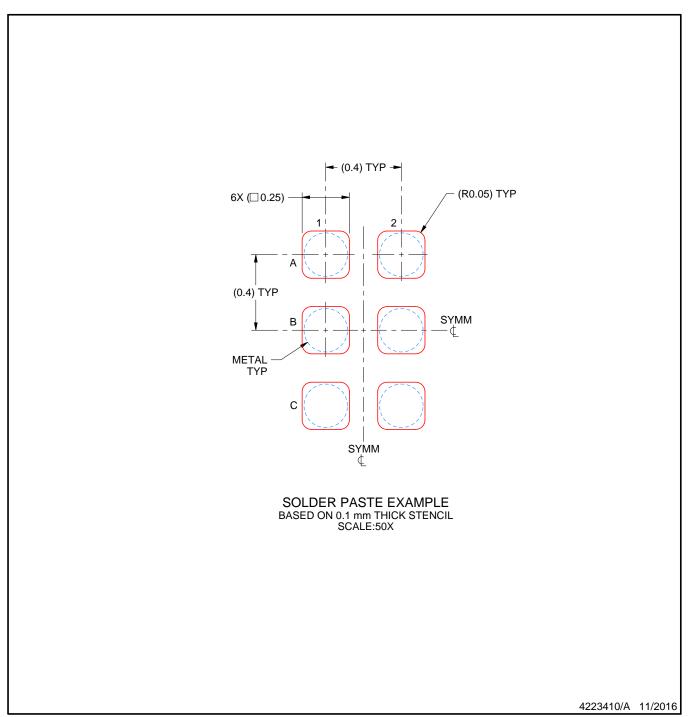




NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).





NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N5)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.

  Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.
- D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N5)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



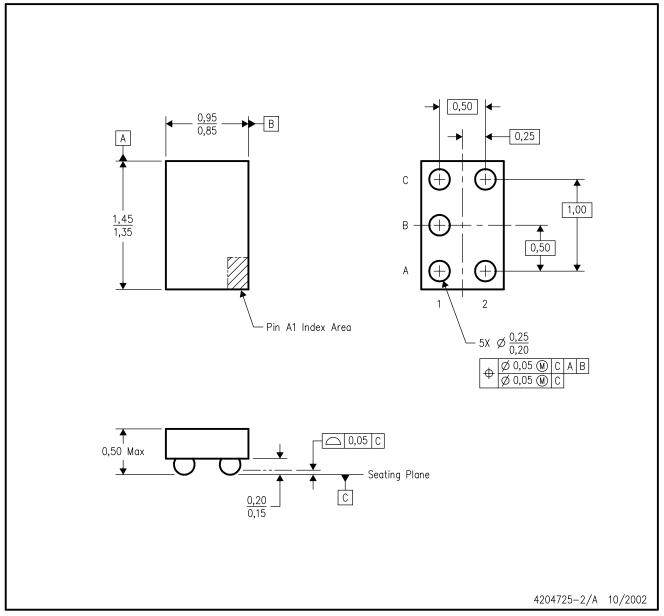
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.



# YEP (R-XBGA-N5)

# DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoStar  $\mathbf{M}$  package configuration.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 5 YZP package (drawing 4204741) for lead-free.

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



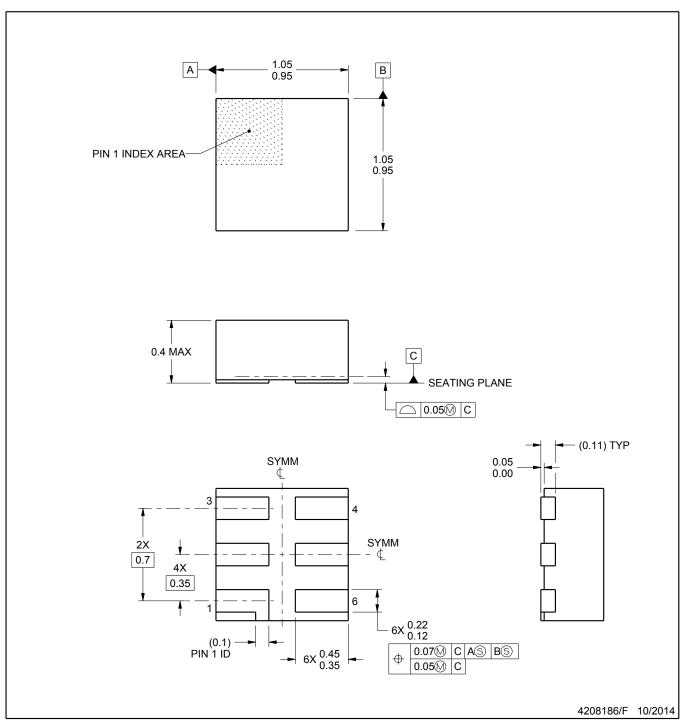
# DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.





- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. Reference JEDEC registration MO-287, variation X2AAF.





# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- H. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.



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